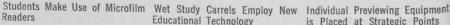
## Appalachian's Library Science Professional Library







**Educational Technology** 



is Placed at Strategic Points



Accoustically Treated Floors Make Student Conferences Less Annoying to Others



A Spacious Area Enhances an Atmosphere Conducive to Study

The age of inquiry and independent study has strengthened the role of the library in today's society. At Appalachian State University the Library Science Professional Library is a collection of professional material related to librarianship to supplement and enrich the curriculum of the Library Science Department.

The organization and administration of this library provides students with the opportunity to see the ideas proclaimed in the classroom, to examine media mentioned in lectures, and to use selection aids and library tools needed to complete assignments. Methods are being effected

to alter the image of librarianship from an uninteresting, book-dusting profession to the vital and engrossing profession which gives access to the many resources that are an integral part of learning.

For many years the nucleus of what was to become the Professional Library was a professional collection which occupied a few shelves in the Juvenile Library in D. D. Dougherty Memorial Library. The knowledge explosion accompanied by an accelerated rate of change increased emphasis on an educational system undergirded by

a strong library which in turn demands a more highly trained librarian. To strengthen the library science program at Appalachian, a librarian was employed in September of 1965 and the small professional collection was moved from the Juvenile Library into its own quarters located in the wing occupied by the Library Science Department. This move to establish a Library Science Professional Library also looked toward the time when the Library Science Department would seek ALA accreditation.

Further development of the Library Science Professional Library resulted from the impact of the federally funded workshops and institutes sponsored by the Library Science Department. These programs are responsible for the major bulk of the collection in the Professional Library. Materials not applicable to the professional collection were donated to the main collection in Belk Library.

Newness was the earmark of September 1968. The first year-long federally funded institute for training in librarianship was getting under way; the Library Science Department faculty was increased by two members; and the main library collection was moved into new quarters, the Carol Grotnes Belk Library. These factors and the growth of the Professional Library's collection necessitated the moving of this library into larger and better facilities; however, this move still did not provide space for a multi-media approach.

The following two years was a period of rapid growth for the Professional Library, the Library Science Department, and the University. The program of the Library

Science Department expanded from an emphasis on school librarianship to include a program for junior college librarianship. Enrollment, particularly in the number of graduate students, doubled. With the influx of materials from the institutes and the emphasis on educational technology, the quarters housing the Professional Library were no longer adequate.

Therefore plans were begun early in 1969 to move the Professional Library to the main floor of D. D. Dougherty Memorial Library. The area selected had been the reference section when the main university library collection was housed in this building. Having been used by various departments since the main university collection was moved, renovations were needed. One of the objectives of this move was to demonstrate that the media center concept can be implemented in an old building. People are attracted to this new area which extends an invitation through its openness, fresh colors, interesting realia, and relevant posters. Carpet, installed for accoustical purposes, also makes the library more appealing. Audio-visual equipment, such as a wet carrell, rear-view projection for films, filmstrips, and 8mm film loops, and stationed readers, is microfilm Arranged throughout the area. around screens are typewriters for use by library science students.

The long overdue moving day came late in June of 1970. Though still used primarily by library science students and faculty, the location has increased awareness of the Library Science Professional Library and of the services extended to the entire university community.

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The present collection consists of nearly 5,000 printed volumes in addition to verticle file material, periodicals, microforms, tapes and films. An initial collection of realia relating to the history of printing was purchased this fall. The collection of the Professional Library has also been enhanced by donations from the personal libraries of Mary Peacock Douglas and Susan Gray Akers.

The future of the Library Science Professional Library will be to merge into an educational media center of the training complex for teachers of all levels and specialists in media. In the meantime, the Professional Library will endeavor to represent current trends and developments in library practice.

## REPORT FROM PRESIDENT

(Continued)

an institute at Wayne State University dealing with "Library Education for Service to the Disadvantaged." The only consensus was that library schools are not preparing people adequately to serve the disadvantaged. It was thought that a broader preparation in the social services, education, and educational psychology might be more advantageous than a liberal arts background. Then library schools could infuse the skills, attitudes and knowledge gained from these disciplines into their existing curricula, emphasizing application to library services, without the addition of special courses. One specific recommendation, based on research, was the addition of a course in children's literature specifically related to the disadvantaged. Recruitment for various levels of the library profession from among the disadvantaged was emphasized.

If you have not read the officially adopted policy of the ALA on Library Education and Manpower, 1 suggest that you write for a copy-Also, if you were not able to attend the ALA convention last summer that you read the account of the discussion and the subsequent adoption in the July-August issue of School American Libraries. brarians particularly will want to read the reaction expressed in the fall issue of School Libraries. The school liprofessional status of brarians not holding the fifth year degree is being questioned. Perhaps more school librarians need to make themselves heard through membership in their professional organiztions.

Several people have written me about possible additions of other North Carolina titles to be reprinted. Since Bill Powell compiled the original list, it might save time to write directly to him.

This is a reminder to committees to continue with their good work. Several are keeping me up-to-date. It is not possible for me to attend meetings of all committees, but I appreciate knowing what developments and progress are being made. The annual spring workshop is not too far off, announcements of which will be sent to all section officers and committee members later.

No one needs reminding that the General Assembly will be meeting in January, but you may need to know that NCLA's representative on the State Legislative Council is Mrs. Marion Johnson of the State Library.